CS 240 Programming in C

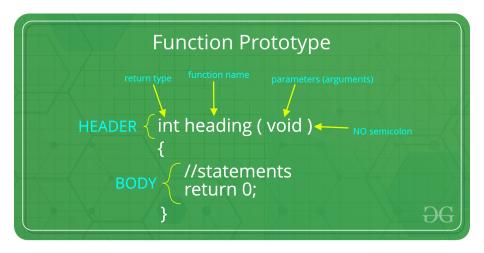
Functions

September 20, 2022

Functions

- Functions provide a convenient way to encapsulate some computation, which can then be used without worrying about its implementation
- A function prototype is simply the declaration of a function that specifies function's name, parameters and return type. It doesn't contain function body. A function prototype gives information to the compiler that the function may later be used in the program.

Functions



Link: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/c-function-argument-return-values/

Function Declaration and Definition

- Function declaration int power(int m, int n);
 - Function declaration says that power is a function that expects two int arguments and returns an int
- Function definition

```
returnType funcName(parameter declarations, if any) {
  declarations
  statements
}
```

Parameters vs Arguments

- Formal parameter
 - The names given to the arguments in the function definition
 - Often referred to as parameters
- Actual parameter
 - The names supplied in a function call
 - Often referred to as arguments

Call by Value vs Call by Reference

- In C all function arguments are passed "by value"
- The called function is given the values of its arguments in temporary variables, distinct from the originals
- This means that anything you do to a variable inside a function has no effect on that variable outside of the function
- When call by reference is used, we can alter an argument outside of the function with actions inside the function

Called by Value

Write a function to swap two integers. Try it now.

Called by Value

When an array variable being passed into a function as argument, what has been passed? and what this means for manipulation of the array in local function to the array in the called scope?