

UMass Boston Computer Science
CS450 High Level Languages (section 2)
More High-Level Features

Wednesday, September 25, 2024

Logistics

- HW 3 out
 - due: Mon 9/30 12pm (noon) EST

HW 2 review

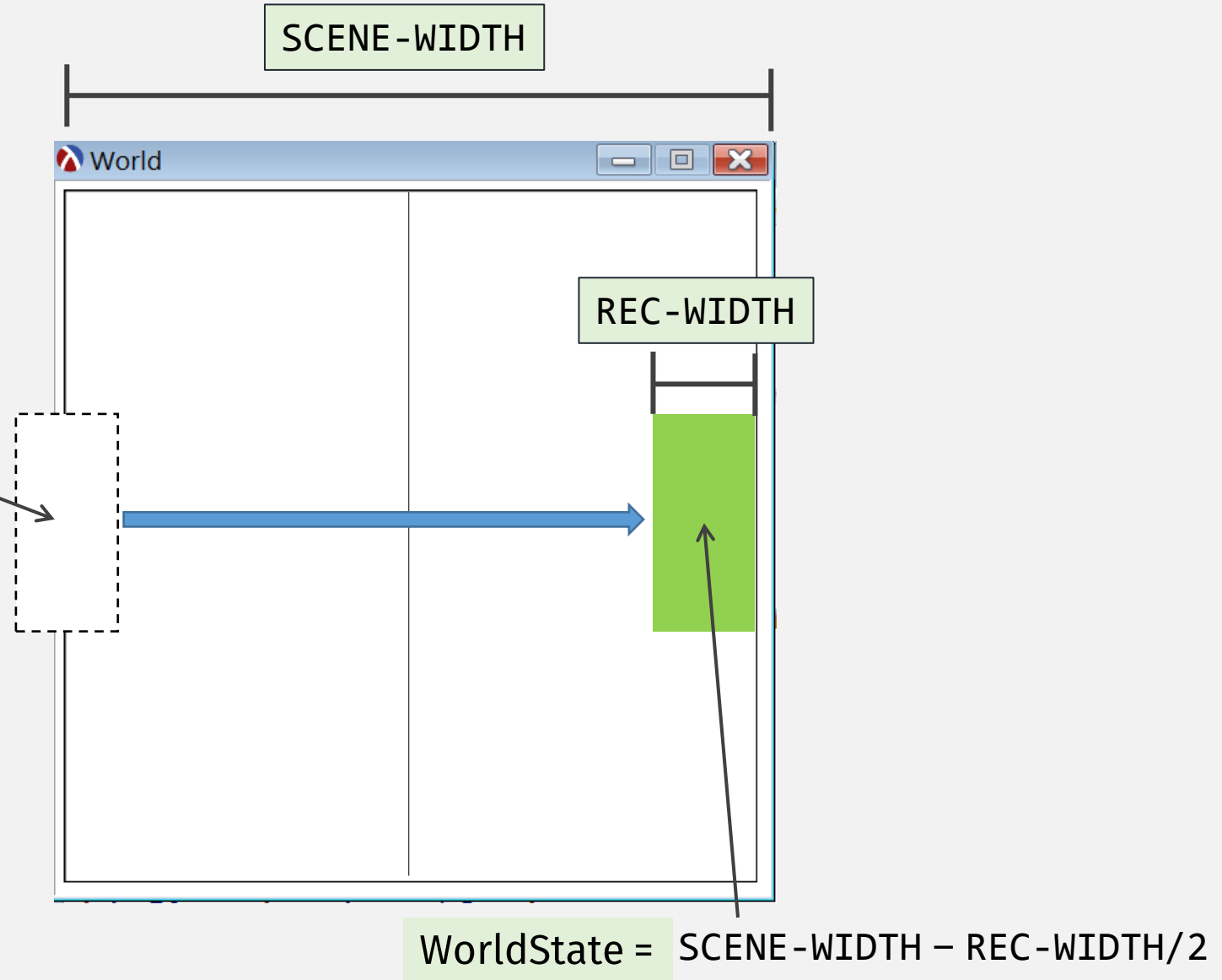
```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp?
```

```
;; x coord of rec center
```

```
(define INIT-WORLD 0)
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place-image  
    REC-IMG  
    ws REC-Y  
    EMPTY-SCENE))
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (next-WorldState w)  
  (+ w 2))
```



HW 2 review

```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp:
```

```
;; x coord of rec center  
;; of lead rec in pair of  
;; rec SCENE-WIDTH apart
```

???

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place-image  
    REC-IMG ;; lead rec  
    ws REC-Y  
    (place-image  
      REC-IMG ;; trail rec  
      (lead->trail-rec ws) REC-Y  
      EMPTY-SCENE))  
  (+ w 2))
```

Readable?

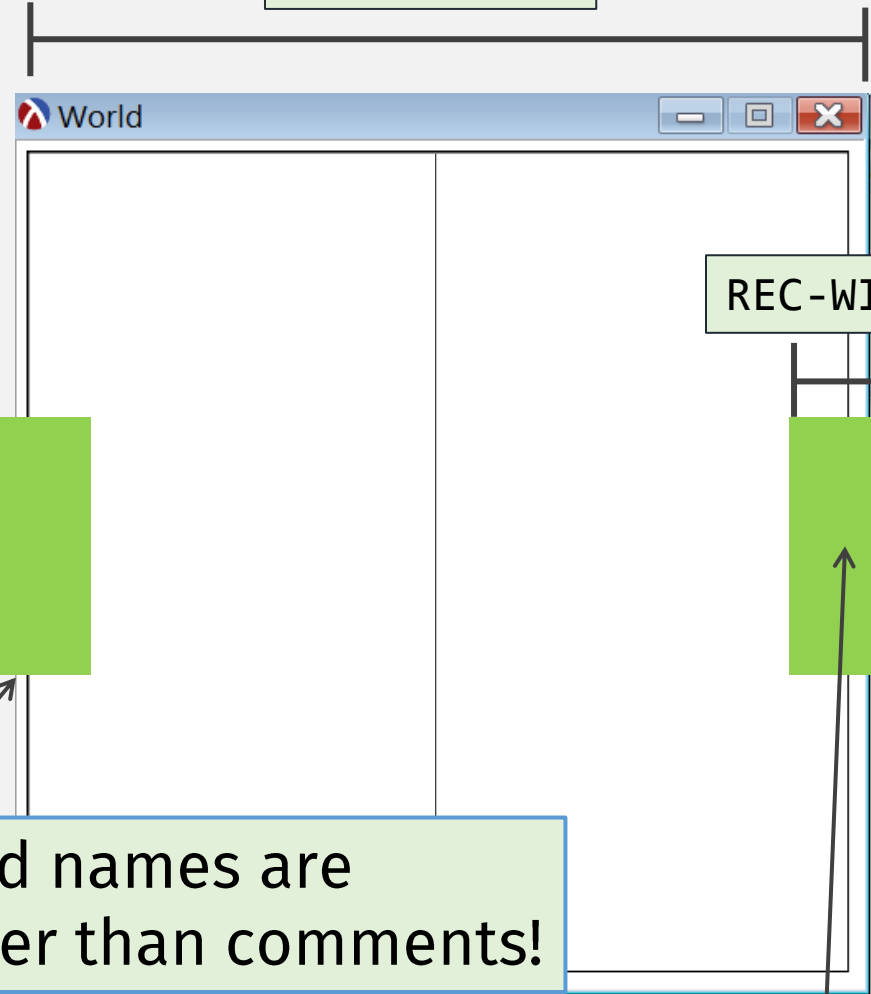
Good names are better than comments!

SCENE-WIDTH

REC-WIDTH

```
;; lead->trail-rec:  
;; WorldState -> WorldState  
(define (lead->trail-rec x)  
  (- x SCENE-WIDTH))
```

WorldState = ???-WIDTH



HW 2 review

```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp:  
;; x coord of rec center  
;; of lead rec in pair of  
;; rec SCENE-WIDTH apart
```

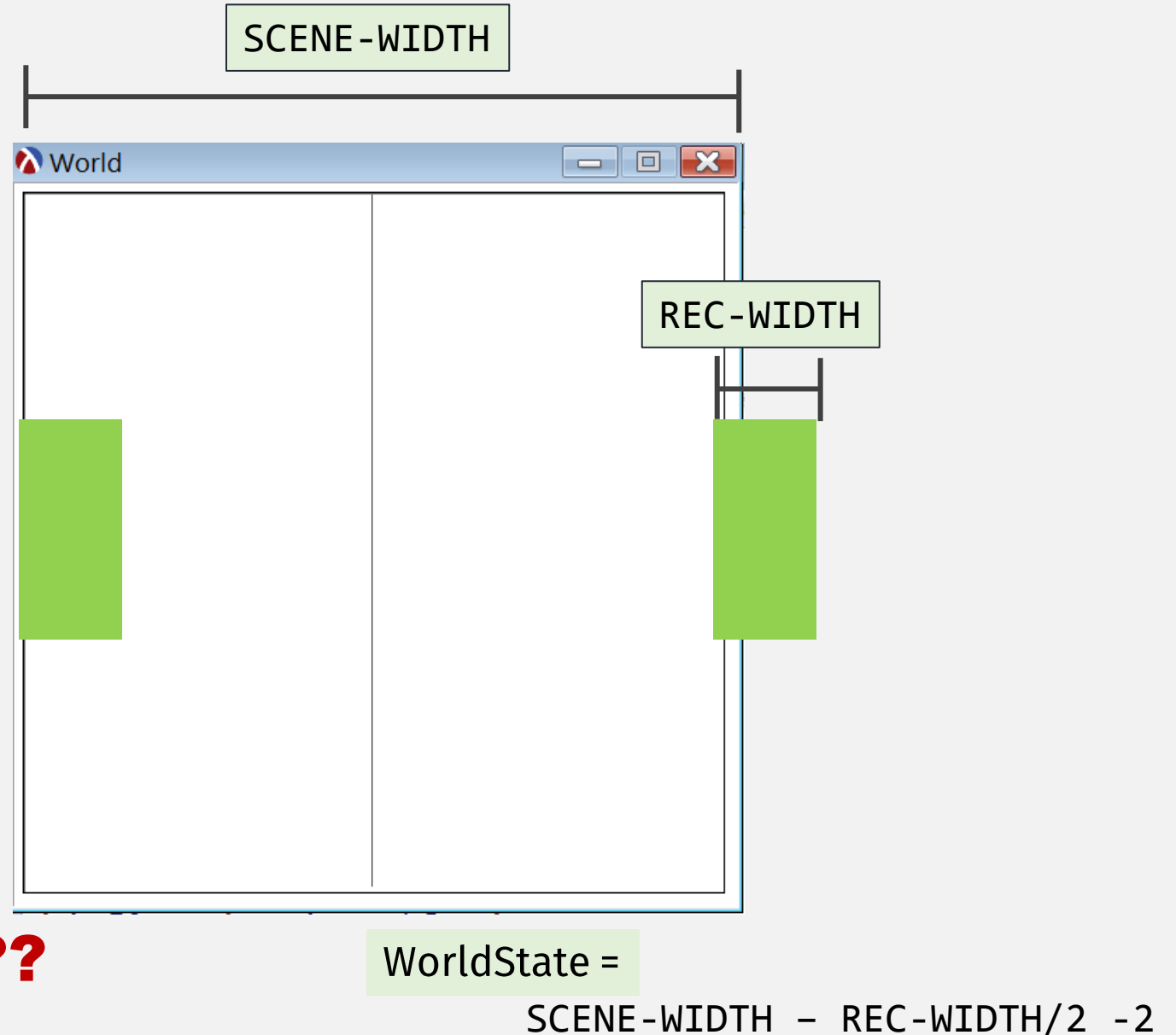
```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place  
    REC-  
    WS REC  
    (place-image  
      REC-TMG
```

Does this work??

NO! (because we wrote tests)

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (next-WorldState w)  
  (modulo (+ w 2) SCENE-WIDTH))
```

???



HW 2 review

```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp:  
;; x coord of rec center  
;; of lead rec in pair of  
;; rec SCENE-WIDTH apart
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place  
    REC-1  
    ws REC-1  
    (place-image  
      REC-TMG
```

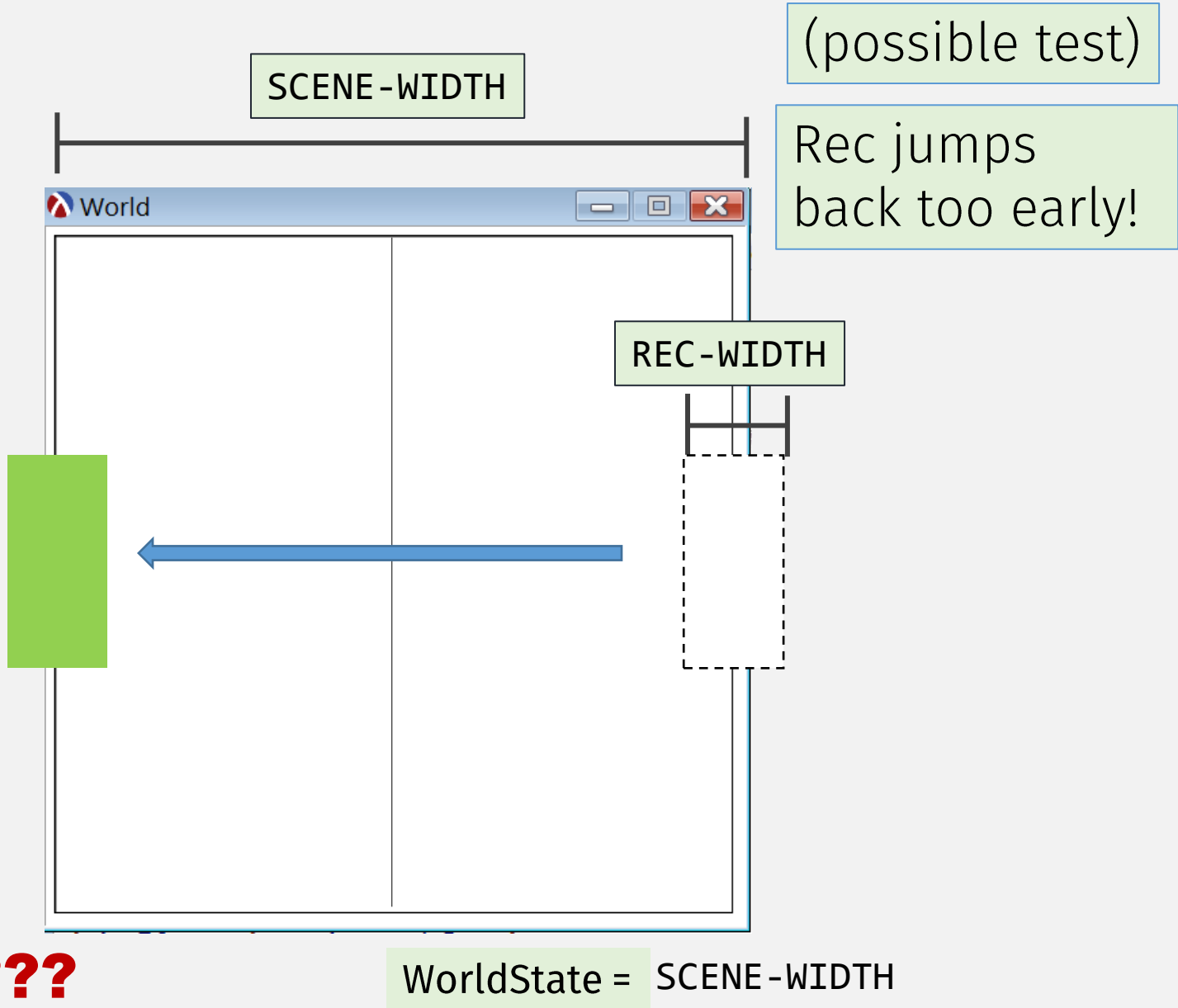
Does this work??

NO! How to fix?

Iterate!

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (next-WorldState w)  
  (modulo (+ w 2) SCENE-WIDTH))
```

???

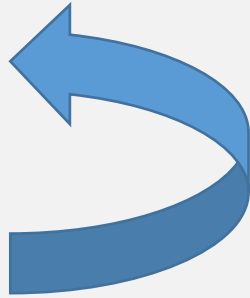


Program Design Recipe

... is iterative!

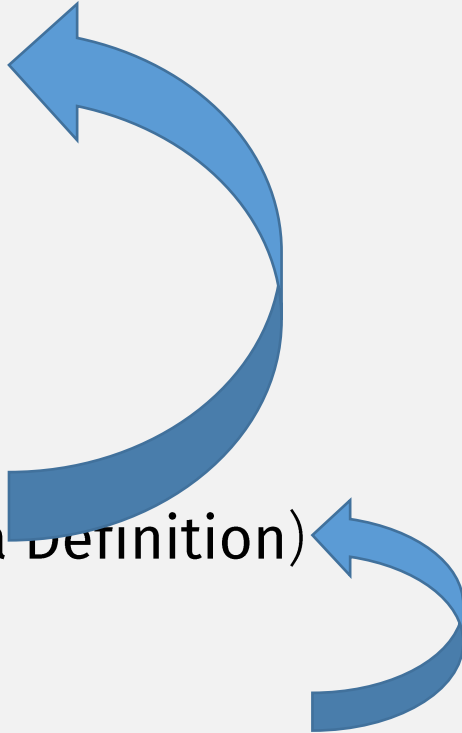
1. **Data Design**

2. **Function Design**



Function Design Recipe

... is iterative!

1. **Name**
 2. **Signature** – types of the function input(s) and output
 3. **Description** – explain (in English prose) the function behavior
 4. **Examples** – show (using `rackunit`) the function behavior
 5. **Template** – sketch out the function structure (using input's Data Definition)
 6. **Code** – implement the rest of the function (arithmetic)
 7. **Tests** – check (using `rackunit`) the function behavior
- 

HW 2 review

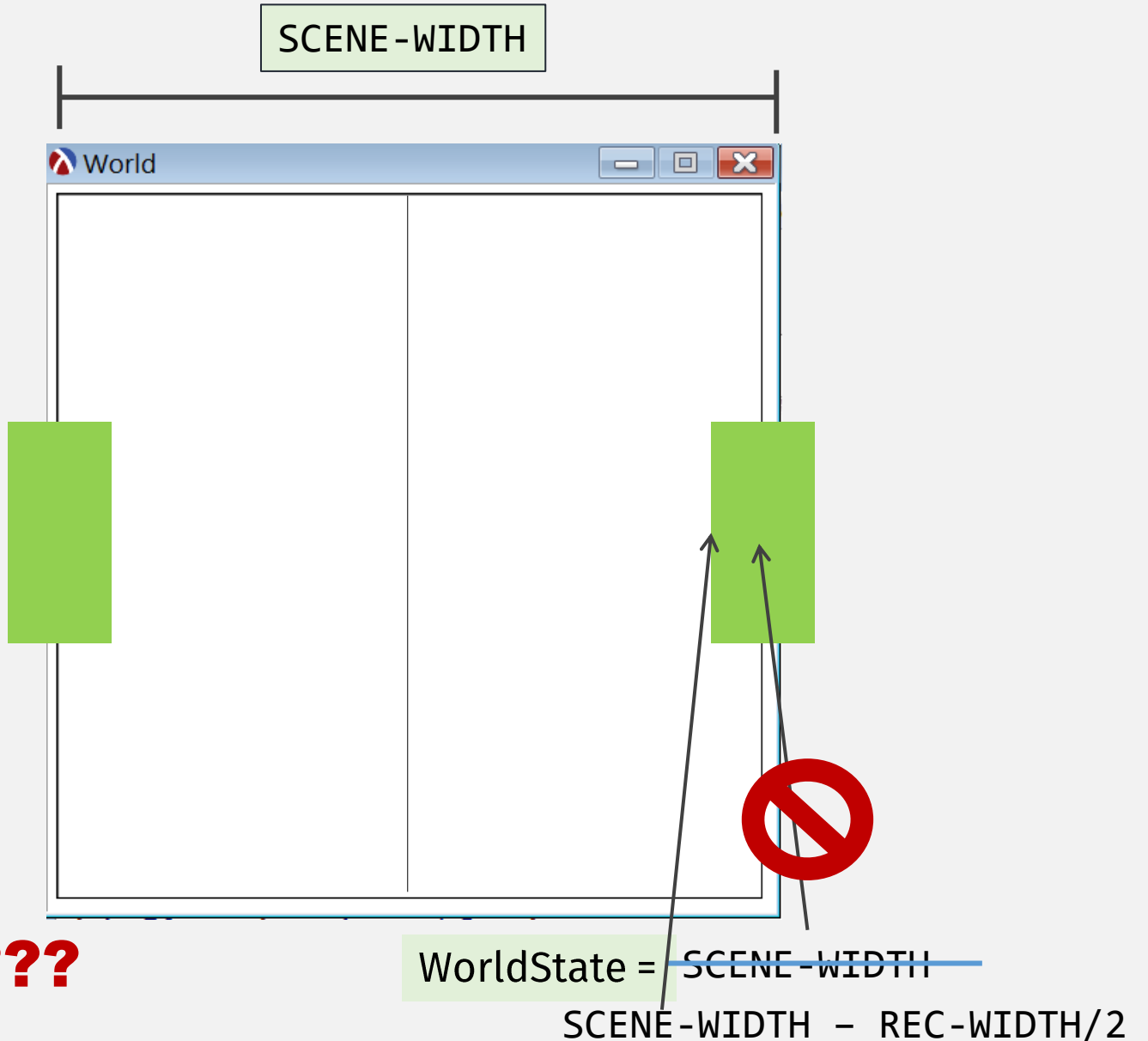
(Iteration #3)

```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp:  
;; x coord of rec LEFT  
;; of lead rec in pair of  
;; rec SCENE-WIDTH apart
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place-image  
    REC-IMG  
    ws REC-Y  
    (place-image  
      REC-IMG
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (next-WorldState w)  
  (modulo (+ w 2) SCENE-WIDTH))
```

???



HW 2 review

(Iteration #3)

```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp:  
;; x coord of rec LEFT  
;; of lead rec in pair of  
;; rec SCENE-WIDTH apart
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place-image  
    REC-IMG  
    ws REC-Y  
    (place-image  
      REC-IMG
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (next-WorldState w)  
  (modulo (+ w 2) SCENE-WIDTH))
```



WorldState = SCENE-WIDTH

HW 2 review

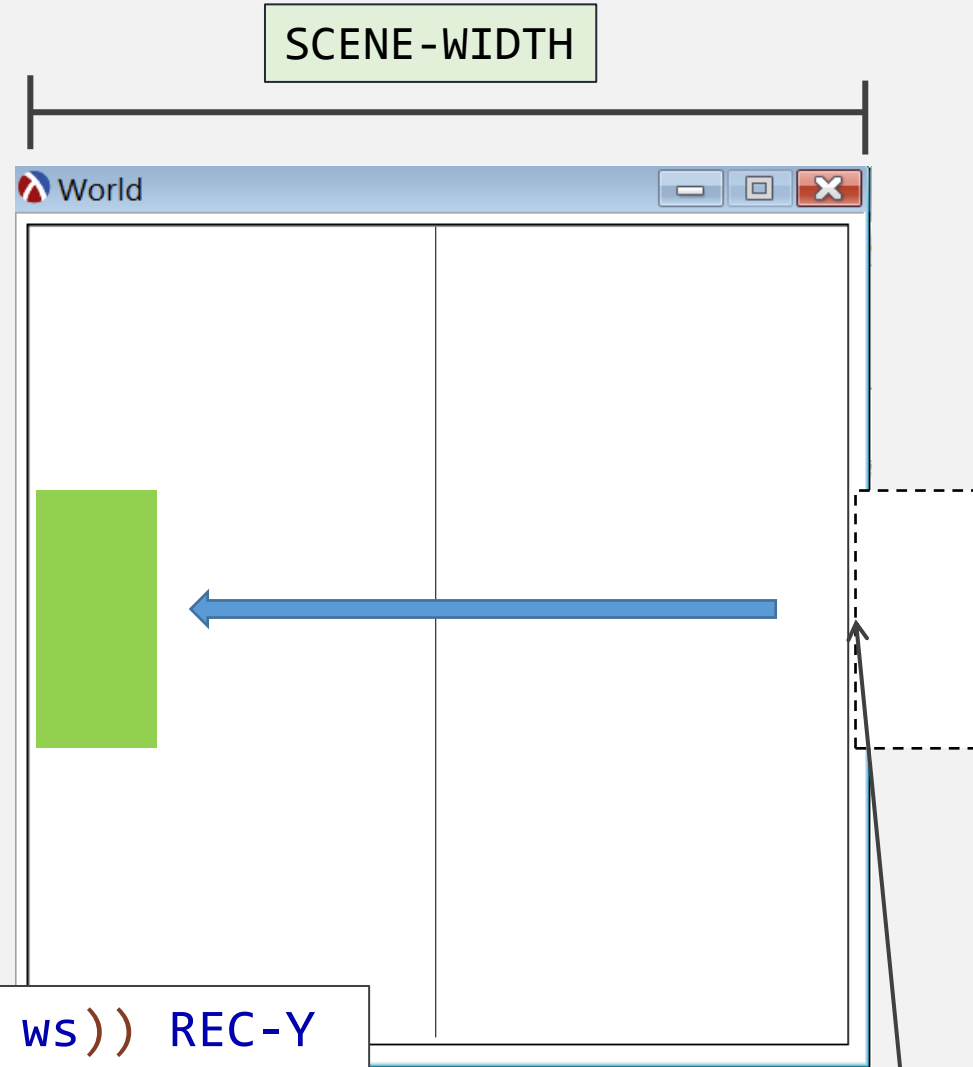
(Iteration #3)

```
;; A WorldState is an Int  
;; Interp:  
;; x coord of rec LEFT  
;; of lead rec in pair of  
;; rec SCENE-WIDTH apart
```

```
;; render : WorldState -> Image  
(define (render w)  
  (place-image  
    REC-IMG  
    (left->center-x ws) REC-Y  
    (place-image  
      REC-IMG  
      (lead->trail-rec (left->center-x ws)) REC-Y  
      EMPTY-SCENE)))
```

Readable?

Must be center x!



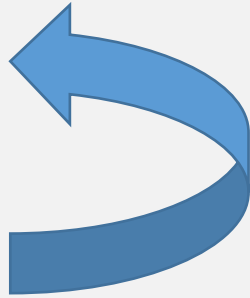
WorldState = SCENE-WIDTH

Program Design Recipe

... is iterative!

1. **Data Design**

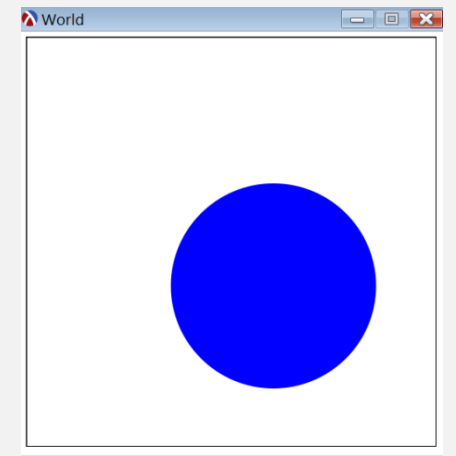
2. **Function Design**



Last
Time

```
;; A Coord is a Real  
;; Represents x or y position on big-bang canvas
```

```
;; A WorldState is a (make-world [x : Coord] [y : Coord])  
;; where:  
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center  
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
```



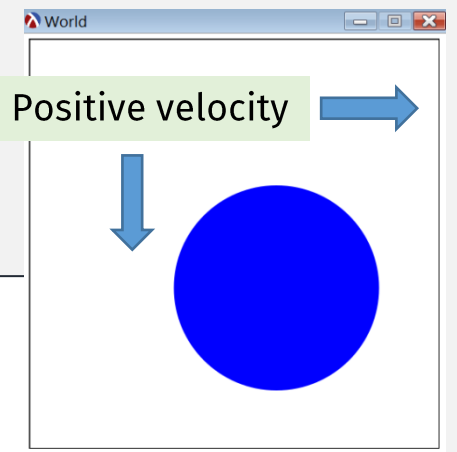
```
;; mouse-handler : WorldState Coordinate Coordinate MouseEvent -> WorldState  
; Sets the WorldState to be the current mouse location  
(define (mouse-handler w x y evt)  
  (world x y))
```

Let's allow ball to move on its own

```
(check-equal? (mouse-handler (world 1 1) 0 0 "button-down")  
              (world 0 0))
```

```
;; A Velocity (Vel) is an Int in [0,10)
;; represents pixels/tick
;; positive = down or right
;; negative = up or left
```

```
;; A WorldState is a
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel])
;; where:
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
;; xv : velocity in x direction
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```



```
;; WorldState TEMPLATE
;; world-fn : WorldState -> ???
```

```
(define (world-fn w)
  .... (world-x w) .... (world-y w) ....
  .... (world-xvel w) .... (world-yvel w) ....)
```

(extract pieces of
compound data ...
to be combined
with arithmetic)

```
;; A WorldState is a
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel])
;; where:
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
;; xv : velocity in x direction
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```

```
;; next-world : WorldState -> WorldState
;; Computes the next ball pos
```

```
(define (next-world w)
  (make-world
    (+ (world-x w) (world-xv w))
    (+ (world-y w) (world-yv w))
    (world-xv w)
    (world-yv w)))
```

```
(check-equal?
  (next-world
    (make-world 2 2 1 1))
  (make-world 3 3 1 1))
```

Add velocity to pos

Repeated code
(not that bad, but
let's see some
ways to remove it)

let

```
;; A WorldState is a  
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel])  
;; where:  
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center  
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center  
;; xv : velocity in x direction  
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```

```
;; next-world : WorldState -> WorldState  
;; Computes the next ball pos
```

```
(define (next-world w)  
  (let ([x (world-x w)]  
        [y (world-y w)]  
        [xv (world-xv w)]  
        [yv (world-yv w)])  
    (make-world (+ x xv) (+ y yv) xv yv)))
```

Extract all compound data pieces first, before doing “arithmetic”

`(let ([id val-expr] ...) body ...)`

Defines new local variables

in scope only in the body

Local variables shadow previously defined vars

Internal defines (equiv to let)

```
;; A WorldState is a
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel]
;; where:
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
;; xv : velocity in x direction
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```

```
;; next-world : WorldState -> WorldState
;; Computes the next ball pos
```

```
(define (next-world w)
  (define x (world-x w))
  (define y (world-y w))
  (define xv (world-xv w))
  (define yv (world-yv w))
  (make-world (+ x xv) (+ y yv) xv yv)))
```

Extract all compound data pieces first, before doing "arithmetic"

(is there an easier way to do this?)

Pattern Matching!

```
;; A WorldState is a
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel])
;; where:
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
;; xv : velocity in x direction
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```

```
;; next-world : WorldState -> WorldState
;; Computes the next ball pos
```

```
(define (next-world w)
  (match-define (world x y xv yv) w)

  (make-world (+ x xv) (+ y yv) xv yv)))
```

Extract all compound
data pieces, at the
same time!

Make it bounce?

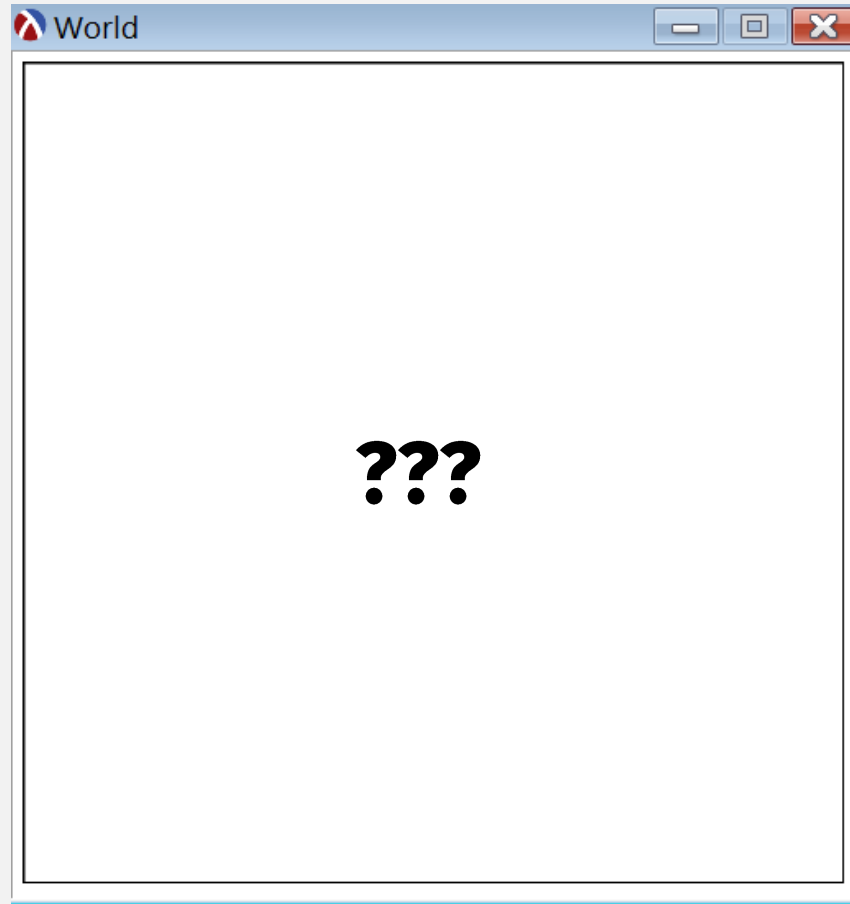
```
;; A WorldState is a
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel]
;; where:
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
;; xv : velocity in x direction
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```

```
;; next-world : WorldState -> WorldState
;; Computes the next ball pos
```

```
(define (next-world w)
  (match-define (world x y xv yv) w)

  (make-world (+ x xv) (+ y yv) xv yv)))
```

Let's see what our animation looks like ...

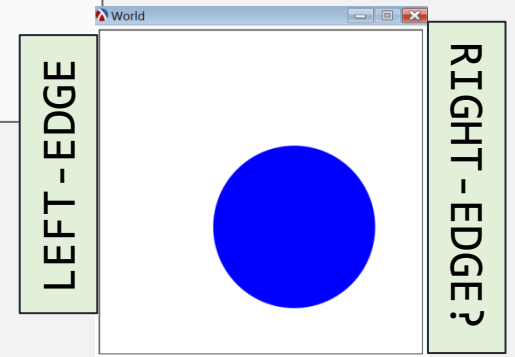



Make it bounce?

```
;; A WorldState is a
;; (make-world [x : Coord][y : Coord][xv : Vel][yv : Vel]
;; where:
;; x : represents x coordinate of ball center
;; y : represents y coordinate of ball center
;; xv : velocity in x direction
;; yv : velocity in y direction
```

```
;; next-world : WorldState -> WorldState
;; Computes the next ball pos
```

```
(define (next-world w)
  (match-define (world x y xv yv) w)
  (define new-xv ???)
  (make-world (+ x xv) (+ y yv) new-xv yv)))
```



In-class exercise: more **big-bang** practice

- Create a **big-bang** program with a “ball”
- Design `WorldState` so it can
 - move in both x and y directions ...
 - And have x and y velocities!
- Make the ball bounce when it hits a “wall”

Submitting

1. File: `in-class-09-25-<Lastname>-<Firstname>.rkt`
2. Join the in-class team: [cs450f24/teams/in-class](https://github.com/cs450f24/teams/in-class)
3. Commit to repo: `cs450f24/in-class-09-25`
 - (May need to `merge/pull` + `rebase` if someone `pushes` before you)

